Opening remarks

Virginie Dumoulin-Wieczorkiewicz
Director for European and International Affairs
Ministry for an Ecological and Solidary Transition

Tokyo, January 25th 2018
Ministère de la Cohésion des territoires

Ministre de la Cohésion des territoires
Jacques Mézard
Secrétaire d’État auprès du ministre de la Cohésion des territoires
Julien Denormandie

Administration centrale
Secrétariat général (SG)
Haut fonctionnaire de défense et de sécurité
Régime ENOSTRÔM
- Direction des affaires européennes et internationales
- Direction des affaires juridiques
- Direction de la communication
- Direction des ressources humaines
- Direction des affaires financières

Direction générale de l’aménagement, du logement et de la nature (DGALN)
Paul DELDUC
- Direction de l’habitat, de l’urbanisme et des paysages
- Direction de l’eau et de la biodiversité
- Service des affaires générales et de la performance

Déléguations interministérielles
Déléguée interministérielle à l’hébergement et à l’accès au logement (DIHAL)
Délégué interministériel pour l’hébergement et l’accès au logement des personnes sans abri ou mal logées
Sylvain MATHIEU
- Pôle hébergement et accès au logement
- Pôle placements illégaux et résorption des bidonvilles
- Pôle lutte contre l’habitat indigne
- Pôle plan migrant
- Pôle réhabilitation des foyers de travailleurs migrants
- Pôle gers du voyage

Services territoriaux
Niveau régional, interrégional ou interdépartemental
- Directions régionales de l’environnement, de l’aménagement et du logement (DREAL) En Île-de-France
- Direction régionale et interdépartementale de l’équipement et de l’aménagement (DREIA)
- Direction régionale et interdépartementale de l’hébergement et du logement (DRHIL)

Niveau départemental* interministériel
- Directions départementales des territoires (DDT)∗∗ ou directions départementales des territoires et du logis (DDIM)∗∗
- Pour certaines missions
- Directions départementales de la cohésion sociale (DCCS)∗

En outre-mer
- Directions de l’environnement, de l’aménagement et du logement (DEAL) Guadeloupe - Guyane - Martinique - Mayotte - La Réunion

* hormis à Paris et dans les départements de la petite couronne d’Île-de-France où les directions régionales et interdépartementales sont compétentes
** direction départementale interministérielle sous la responsabilité du préfet qui met en œuvre les politiques du ministère
General Secretariat
European and International Affairs Directorate

Director
Virginie DUMOULIN-WIECZORKIEWICZ

Assistants

Climate Change and Sustainable Development Division
- Climate Change and Clean Energy Unit
  - Biodiversity and Environment Unit
  - Global Affairs Unit
- Geographical Units
  - Southern Europe
  - Western Europe
  - Eastern Europe
  - Northern Europe
- Transport and Energy Unit
- Environment and Risks Unit
- Single Market and European Funding Unit

European Affairs Division
- Geographical Units
  - Americas-Balkans-CIS Unit
  - Africa and Middle-East
  - Countries Unit
  - Asia-Pacific Unit

International Affairs Division
- International Personnel Unit
- Support for Export Unit

Office of International Affairs for Housing and Urban Planning
- Head of Office
  - Hervé BOISGUILAUME
European and international strategy

- 3 pillars for the strategy :
  - Policy : promoting in Europe and abroad the MEST-MCT and France’s values (ecological transition in each sector)
  - Economy : fostering international action in industrial sectors, under MEST-MCT’s competence (in connection with Ministry of Economy)
  - Solidarity : using its skills to contribute to foreign aid French policy

- Means to act :
  - Management of climate and biodiversity negotiations, supported by expert assessment from MEST, in connection with Ministry of Foreign Affairs
  - Enhancement of institutional cooperation : working groups, welcoming of foreign delegations, expert assignment, participation to international events
  - International personal policy to strengthen MEST-MCT influence abroad
  - Political support to private projects and French companies expertise abroad
France’s Climate Plan Highlights
Where we stand – Our mindset

- Climate change is already a reality. It will disrupt a very wide range of activities, directly (physical risks: natural disasters, agriculture…) and indirectly (transition risks: energy sector, industry…).

- We cannot afford to lose time: delaying our response means huge costs or even make adaptation and mitigation impossible.

- Decarbonizing our economy requires a change of mindset. While it can be seen as a constraint, we have to turn it into opportunities to become more resilient, more competitive and more inclusive.

- New technologies can help us to address this challenge and accelerate the transition towards a decarbonized economy.
What we try to do as a public authority

- Set long-term goals
- Define ambitious but reachable steps
- Be agile when choosing tools among the widerange of all those available, give the right incentives
- Build a conducive environment, involve all the stakeholders
- Be consistent: every decision we make (or we don't make) is a signal
- Learn from each other, even if we are all endowed with different strengths, not the same pathway
Our main quantitative targets

Energy transition
Law for a green growth (2015)

- 40% less greenhouse gas emissions in 2030 compared to 1990
- 30% less fossil fuel consumption in 2030 compared to 2012
- Increase the share of renewable energy sources to 32% of the final energy consumption in 2030 and 40% of the electricity production
- Reduce final energy consumption by 50% in 2050 compared to 2012
- -50% less waste in landfill by 2025
- Diversify electricity production and reduce the share of nuclear power to 50% by 2025

Climate Plan (2017) A new course to, achieve carbon neutrality by 2050
Climate Plan

- 6 strategic areas (for 23 measures)
  - Making the implementation of the Paris Agreement irreversible
  - Improving the daily lives of all French people
  - Putting an end to fossil fuel energy and committing to carbon neutrality
  - Making France the n°1 player in green energy by making the Paris Agreement an opportunity for attractiveness, innovation and jobs
  - Mobilising the potential of ecosystems and agriculture to combat climate change
  - Increasing international mobilisation on climate diplomacy
A national low carbon strategy

- Set long-term goals
- Economy-wide approach. Strategic orientations to implement GHG emissions reduction in each sector.
- Carbon budgets (5 years each) to monitor & assess our measures conveniently
- Regularly assessed, updated and extended every 5 years. Next
Focus on Building/Housing (20 % GHG emissions)

- **Targets**
  - Reduce emissions by 54 % by the 3rd carbon budget period compared to 2013 and by at least 87 % by 2050
  - Cut energy consumption by 28 % by 2030 compared to 2010

- **Means**
  - Implement the 2012 thermal regulation ans a new one
  - Renovate entirely the stock of buildings to high standards of efficiency by 2050 (BBC)
  - Speed up demand-side management (eco-design, Linky...)
Cross-cutting measures

- Investing in R&D and innovation: doubling efforts on public R&D by 2020, «Make our planet great again» initiative
- Disclosure for businesses: report on sustainable development for listed companies and disclosure of carbon footprint compulsory for asset owners / managers
- Green finance: largest issuer of green bonds in H1 2017 (13 bn USD), 1st sovereign green bond, nurtured an entire ecosystem (banks, investors, asset managers, rating agencies and certifiers...)
- Climate diplomacy: implementation of the Paris agreement, technical coalitions and alliances (building, solar, geothermal...), environment protection in trade negotiations, public development aid focused on climate resilience and mitigation
Thanks for your attention