Hydrogen roadmap and industrial development in France



Stéfan Le Dû | Ministry of Ecological and Solidary Transition 24th June 2019 | French-Japanese Seminar for Hydrogen Mobility | Tokyo



MINISTÈRE DE LA TRANSITION ÉCOLOGIQUE ET SOLIDAIRE

www.ecologique-solidaire.gouv.fr

MINISTÈRE DE LA COHÉSION DES TERRITOIRES

www.cohesion-territoires.gouv.fr



National roadmap for hydrogen



MINISTÈRE DE LA TRANSITION ÉCOLOGIQUE ET SOLIDAIRE

www.ecologique-solidaire.gouv.fr

MINISTÈRE DE LA COHÉSION DES TERRITOIRES

www.cohesion-territoires.gouv.fr

Energy & Climate targets in France



Greenhouse gases reduction targets

- \rightarrow -40% between 1990 and 2030
- → Carbon neutrality by 2050



Reduction targets for consumption, fossil and nuclear

- → Final energy consumption: -7% (2023) and -14% (2028) (vs. 2012)
- \rightarrow Fossil fuels: -20% by 2023, -35% by 2028 (vs. 2012)
- → Dicrease nuclear power to 50% by 2035 (closure of 14 reactors)



Development targets for renewable energy

- → Renewable heat: +25% (2023) and +50% (2028) (vs. 2016)
- → Renewable electricity capacity: **+50%** (2023), **+100%** (2028) (vs. 2017)



Economic development

→ Creation of **246000** jobs (2023), **413000** (2028)

Hydrogen roadmap of France



June 2018: National roadmap for hydrogen

- → Essential to reaching carbon neutrality
- → H2 to be produced from clean sources
- → H2 to be used to store intermittent energy

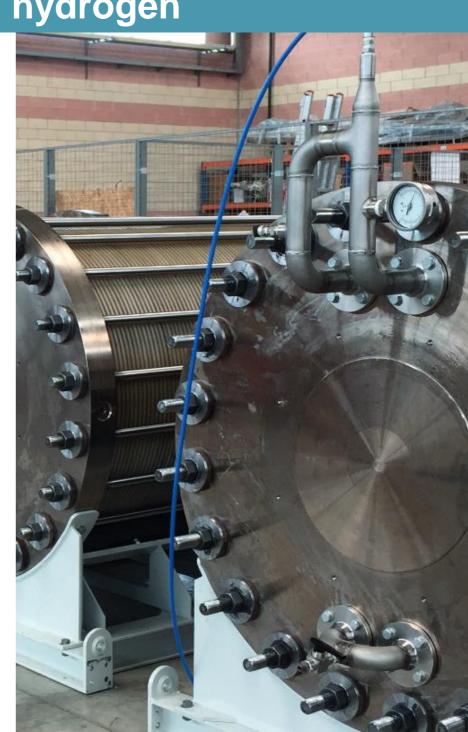
#1 Creation of an industrial ecosystem for decarbonized hydrogen

#2 Development of **zero-emission solutions** for transport

#3 Development of **hydrogen storage** for renewables

#1 Creation of an industrial ecosystem for decarbonized hydrogen

- Aim: Sustitution of fossil H2 by H2 produced through electrolysis
- Challenges: price, logistics
- Targets:
- → 2023: 10% of low-carbon H2 in the industry
- → 2028: 20% to 40% of low-carbon H2 in the industry
- Measures:
- → Investment aid allocated through a call for projects
- → Taking into account the production source of hydrogen in greenhouse gas emissions regulations
- → Creation of a traceability system for hydrogen by 2020 (guarantees of origin)



#2 Development of zero-emission solutions for transport

- Captive fleets and heavy vehicles are key for the business models of charging stations
- Challenges: distribution infrastructure, heavy vehicles
- Targets:

	Light vehicles	Heavy vehicles	Charging stations
2023	5000	200	100
2028	20000-50000	800-2000	400-1000

•Measures:

- → Regulatory framework for **hydrogen stations** (2019)
- → Investment aid for **captive professional fleets**
- → Support to research for **hydrogen heavy vehicles**



#3 Development of hydrogen storage for renewables



- Flexibility for power grids and decarbonation of gas grids
- Challenges: long term needs, technical and economic conditions, security
- Examples of actions:
- → Determining the conditions for hydrogen feed-in into the gas grids
- → Scaling-up power-to-gas demonstrators
- → Pilot projects in French Overseas regions providing flexibility to the power grid



Industrial development



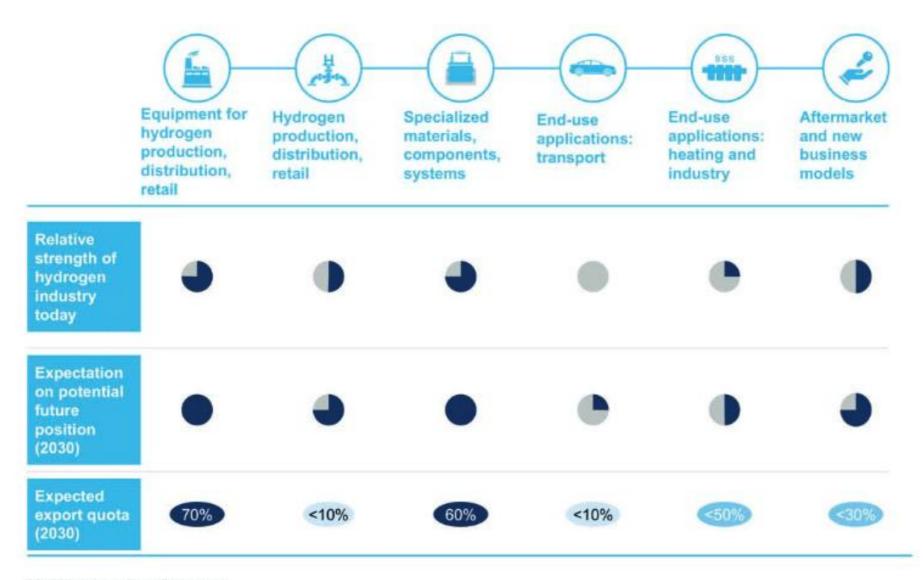
MINISTÈRE DE LA TRANSITION ÉCOLOGIQUE ET SOLIDAIRE

www.ecologique-solidaire.gouv.fr

MINISTÈRE DE LA COHÉSION DES TERRITOIRES

www.cohesion-territoires.gouv.fr

France's industry is well positioned, particularly in the market for equipment, materials and components



SOURCE: Hydrogen France Study survey

French companies well represented in the Hydrogen Council







































































































600 hydrogen taxis in Paris by 2020







Alstom's Coradia iLINT: the hydrogen train



Energy Observer: the hydrogen boat and French Ambassador for the Agenda 2030 SDGs



linkedin.com/in/stefanledu | stefan.le-du@dgtresor.gouv.fr

Follow us on Twitter: @FRTreasuryJapan



MINISTÈRE DE LA TRANSITION ÉCOLOGIQUE ET SOLIDAIRE







MINISTÈRE DE LA COHÉSION DES TERRITOIRES

www.cohesion-territoires.gouv.fr

www.ecologique-solidaire.gouv.fr