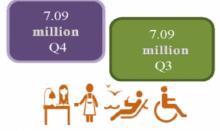


A total of 32.0% working age population were **outside labour force** due to studies, housework, retirement, disabled or not interested to work.

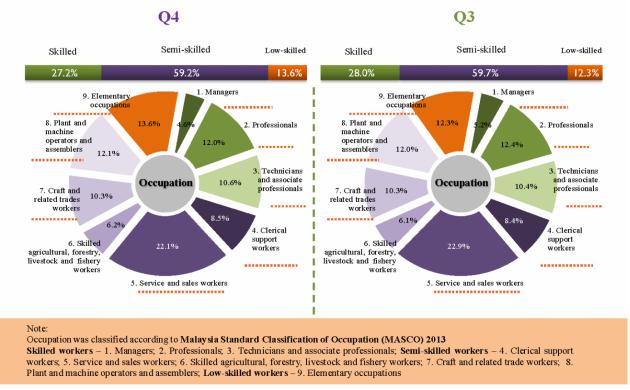


Source: Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics, Malaysia



PROFILE OF EMPLOYED PERSONS, MALAYSIA, FOURTH QUARTER (Q4) 2017

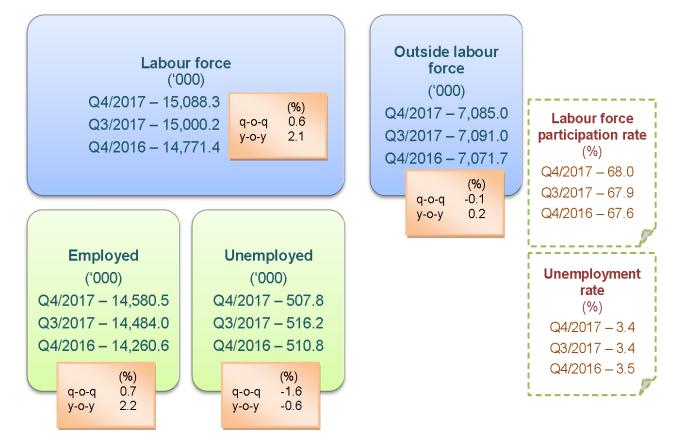
Nearly one third of employed persons were skilled workers in the occupation categories of Managers, Professionals, and Technicians and associate professionals.



Source: Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics, Malaysia

LABOUR FORCE IN MALAYSIA





Note:

q-o-q quarter-on-quarter

y-o-y year-on-year

	Q4/2016		Q3/2017		Q4/2017	
Indicator	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Labour force	9,109.2	5,662.2	9,242.6	5,757.6	9,278.2	5,810.1
Employed	8,823.0	5,437.6	8,932.3	5,551.7	8,981.7	5,598.8
Outside labour force	2,239.0	4,832.7	2,293.9	4,797.1	2,301.9	4,783.1
Labour force participation rate	80.3	54.0	80.1	54.6	80.1	54.8
Employment to population ratio	77.7	51.8	77.4	52.6	77.6	52.9

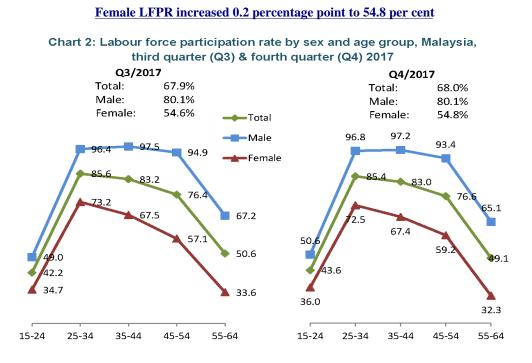
Labour force participation rate 68.0 per cent and unemployment rate 3.4 per cent

Labour force in Malaysia increased 0.6 per cent to 15.09 million persons in the fourth quarter 2017 as compared to 15.00 million persons in the previous quarter. The rise was contributed by the increase of 0.7 per cent or 96,500 employed persons to 14.58 million persons.

Labour force participation rate (LFPR) in the fourth quarter 2017 was 68.0 per cent, rose 0.1 percentage point as compared to the third quarter 2017. Hence, another 32.0 per cent of the working age population were outside the labour force. Meanwhile, unemployment rate remained unchanged at 3.4 per cent for three consecutive quarters.

Year-on-year, the number of persons in labour force and employed persons rose 2.1 and 2.2 per cent respectively. Meanwhile, the number of unemployed persons decreased 0.6 per cent and year-on-year unemployment rate fell 0.1 percentage point. Year-on-year performance of labour force participation rate in the labour market also improved 0.4 percentage points.

The scenario of unemployment rate below 4.0 per cent indicates that the country's economy is operating in full employment.

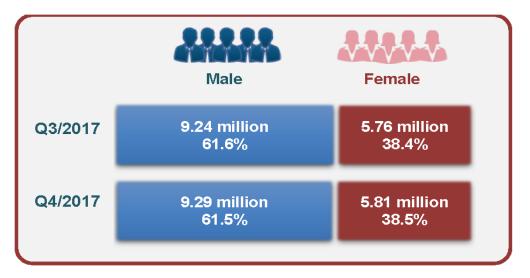


Female LFPR rose 0.2 percentage points to 54.8 per cent in the fourth quarter 2017. Female participation rate in the labour market for *prime age*² 25–34 years (72.5%), 35–44 years (67.4%) and 45–54 years (59.2%) were higher against female LFPR at the national level (54.8%). [Chart 2]

Male LFPR remained at 80.1 per cent in the fourth quarter 2017. Male participation rate in the labour market for age group 15–24 and 25–34 years recorded an increase of 1.6 and 0.4 percentage points to 50.6 and 96.8 per cent respectively. Meanwhile, the other age groups registered a decreasing trend. Overall, male LFPRs remained consistently higher than female for all age groups.

Year-on-year, the increase of labour force participation rate in Malaysia (0.4 percentage points) was contributed by the increase in female labour force participation rate at 0.8 percentage points.

Chart 3: Labour force by sex, Malaysia, third quarter (Q3) & fourth quarter (Q4) 2017



In the fourth quarter 2017, there was 38.5 per cent females in the labour market, an increase of 0.1 percentage point or 52,500 persons to 5.81 million persons as compared to the last quater.

Note:

[1] The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) defines full employment as unemployment rate below 4.0 per cent.

[2] International Labour Organization (ILO) defines prime age as population aged 25-54 years.

For more analysis 🍌

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